TOWN OF LAMONT
Financial Statements
For The Year Ended December 31, 2019



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Mayor and Council of Town of Lamont

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Town of Lamont (the Town), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2019, and the statements of operations and accumulated surplus, changes in net financial assets, and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Town as at December 31, 2019, and the results of its operations, changes in net financial assets, and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Town in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with those requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Matter

The financial statements of the Town for the year ended December 31, 2018, were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements on April 23, 2019.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Town's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Town or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Town's financial reporting process.

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Independent Auditors' Report to the Mayor and Council of Town of Lamont (continued)

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
 a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
 control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Town's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Town's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Town to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Chartered Accountants

METRIX GROUP LLP

Edmonton, Alberta April 14, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

To His Worship the Mayor and Members of Council of the Town of Lamont

The integrity, relevance and comparability of the data in the accompanying financial statements are the responsibility of management.

The financial statements are prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. They necessarily include some amounts that are based on the best estimates and judgements of management.

To assist in its responsibility, management maintains accounting, budget and other controls to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are appropriately authorized, that assets are properly accounted for and safeguarded, and that financial records are reliable for preparation of financial statements.

Metrix Group LLP, Chartered Professional Accountants, have been appointed by the Town Council to express an opinion on the Town's financial statements.

Christine Beveridge
Chief Administrative Officer

TOWN OF LAMONT Statement of Financial Position As At December 31, 2019

| | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|------------------------------------|---|
| FINANCIAL ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) Receivables (Note 3) Land held for resale | \$ 4,961,890 520,401 118,000 | \$ 4,645,126 977,473 118,000 |
| | 5,600,291 | 5,740,599 |
| LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deposits Deferred revenue Long-term debt (Note 4) | 265,727 488,715 51,273 | 332,769 478,573 35,927 1,332,546 |
| | 2,045,245 | 2,179,815 |
| NET FINANCIAL ASSETS | 3,555,046 | 3,560,784 |
| NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS Tangible capital assets (Note 5) Inventory Prepaid expenses | 18,410,094 500 1,754 | 18,304,254 500 - |
| | 18,412,348 | 18,304,754 |
| ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (Note 6) | \$ 21,967,394 | \$ 21,865,538 |

Contingency (Note 10)

TOWN OF LAMONT Statement of Operations and Changes in Accumulated Surplus For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

| | 2019 (Budget) <i>(Note 13)</i> | 2019 (Actual) | 2018 (Actual) |
|---|--------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| REVENUE | | | |
| Net municipal taxes (Schedule 2) | \$ 1,925,000 | \$ 1,915,166 | \$ 1,889,437 |
| Sales and user charges (Schedule 4) | 1,185,600 | 1,072,004 | 1,058,792 |
| Franchise and concession contracts (Note 12) Government transfers for operating (Schedule | 230,000 | 228,528 | 249,173 |
| 3) | 139,960 | 155,519 | 140,038 |
| Rentals | 110,300 | 96,151 | 105,933 |
| Interest | 70,000 | 89,459 | 102,129 |
| Penalties and costs on taxes | 77,300 | 74,919 | 86,014 |
| Other | 18,500 | 11,164 | 7,736 |
| Fine, licenses and permits | 6,800 | 6,026 | 6,998 |
| | 3,763,460 | 3,648,936 | 3,646,250 |
| EXPENSES | | | |
| Recreation and cultural services | 778,247 | 756,786 | 760,137 |
| General administration | 667,109 | 703,418 | 629,632 |
| Roads, streets, walks and lighting | 776,400 | 593,486 | 648,317 |
| Common services | 541,057 | 509,435 | 528,559 |
| Water supply and distribution | 569,800 | 506,618 | 630,728 |
| Waste management | 381,200 | 383,622 | 373,951 |
| Waste water treatment and disposal | 182,500 | 249,015 | 215,152 |
| Subdivision land and development | 51,000 | 170,685 | 43,508 |
| Council | 131,083 | 106,650 | 120,200 |
| Fire protection and safety services | 52,050 | 48,207 | 44,521 |
| Community service | 35,000 | 23,346 | 41,955 |
| Bylaws enforcement | 12,900 | 12,617 | 9,543 |
| Family and community support | 13,000 | 11,275 | 10,738 |
| Cemetery | 4,500 | 4,200 | 4,200 |
| | 4,195,846 | 4,079,360 | 4,061,141 |
| ANNUAL DEFICIT BEFORE OTHER | | | |
| REVENUE | (432,386) | (430,424) | (414,891) |
| OTHER REVENUE | | | |
| Government transfers for capital (Schedule 3) | 453,000 | 531,596 | 826,136 |
| Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets | | 684 | - |
| | 453,000 | 532,280 | 826,136 |
| ANNUAL SURPLUS | 20,614 | 101,856 | 411,245 |
| | | · | |
| ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, BEGINNING OF YEAR | 21,865,538 | 21,865,538 | 21,454,293 |
| ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, END OF YEAR (Note 6) | \$ 21,886,152 | \$ 21,967,394 | \$ 21,865,538 |

TOWN OF LAMONT Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

| | | 2019 (Budget) (Note 13) | 2019 (Actual) | | 2018 (Actual) |
|---|----|-------------------------------|------------------|----|------------------|
| | | | | | |
| ANNUAL SURPLUS | \$ | 20,614 | \$ 101,856 | \$ | 411,245 |
| Acquisition of tangible capital assets | | (1,082,080) | (1,041,349) | | (1,354,615) |
| Amortization of tangible capital assets | | 950,364 | 935,509 | | 953,718 |
| Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets | | - | 684 | | - |
| Loss (gain) on sale of tangible capital assets | | - | (684) | | - |
| | | (111,102) | (3,984) | | 10,348 |
| (Acquisition) use of prepaid expenses | | - | (1,754) | | |
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS | | (111,102) | (5,738) | | 10,348 |
| NET FINANCIAL ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR | | 3,560,784 | 3,560,784 | | 3,550,436 |
| NET FINANCIAL ASSETS, END OF YEAR | \$ | 3,449,682 | \$ 3,555,046 | \$ | 3,560,784 |

TOWN OF LAMONT Statement of Cash Flows For The Year Ended December 31, 2019

| | | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|----|--------------------|------------------|
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES Annual surplus Non-cash items not included in annual surplus: | \$ | 101,856 | \$ 411,245 |
| Amortization of capital assets Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets | | 935,509 (684) | 953,718 - |
| | | 1,036,681 | 1,364,963 |
| Changes in non-cash working capital balances related to operations: | | | |
| Receivables | | 457,072 | (227,043) |
| Land held for resale Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | | - (67,042) | 9,000 122,844 |
| Deferred revenue | | 15,346 | 9,732 |
| Deposits | | 10,142 | 10,028 |
| Prepaid expenses | | (1,754) | <u>-</u> |
| | | 413,764 | (75,439) |
| Cash flow from operating activities | | 1,450,445 | 1,289,524 |
| CAPITAL ACTIVITIES Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets Purchase of tangible capital assets | | 684 (1,041,349) | - (1,354,615) |
| | - | | |
| Cash flow used by capital activities | | (1,040,665) | (1,354,615) |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES Repayment of long-term debt | | (93,016) | (89,652) |
| | | , | |
| CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS DURING YEAR | | 316,764 | (154,743) |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR | | 4,645,126 | 4,799,869 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR | \$ | 4,961,890 | \$ 4,645,126 |

TOWN OF LAMONT Schedule of Equity in Tangible Capital Assets For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

(Schedule 1)

| | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| | | |
| BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR | \$ 16,971,708 | \$ 16,481,159 |
| Acquisition of tangible capital assets | 1,041,349 | 1,354,615 |
| Amortization of tangible capital assets | (935,509) | (953,718) |
| Repayment of capital long-term debt | 93,016 | 89,652 |
| BALANCE, END OF YEAR | \$ 17,170,564 | \$ 16,971,708 |
| Equity in tangible capital assets is comprised of the following: | | |
| Tangible capital assets (net book value) | \$ 18,410,094 | \$ 18,304,254 |
| Long-term debt used for tangible capital assets | (1,239,530) | (1,332,546) |
| | \$ 17,170,564 | \$ 16,971,708 |

TOWN OF LAMONT Schedule of Property Taxes For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

(Schedule 2)

| | 2019 (Budget) (<i>Note 13</i>) | 2019 (Actual) | 2018 (Actual) |
|--|--|------------------|---------------------------------|
| TAXATION Real property tax Linear property tax Government grants in lieu of property tax | \$ 2,425,000 63,500 4,500 | 65,244 | \$ 2,396,882 62,566 4,639 |
| | 2,493,000 | 2,480,510 | 2,464,087 |
| REQUISITIONS Alberta School Foundation Fund Lamont Seniors Foundation Designated Industrial Property | 500,000 68,000 | • | 510,440 64,210 - |
| NET MUNICIPAL PROPERTY TAXES | 568,000 \$ 1,925,000 | , | 574,650 \$ 1,889,437 |

TOWN OF LAMONT Schedule of Government Transfers For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

(Schedule 3)

| | | 2019 (Budget) <i>Note 13)</i> | (| 2019 (Actual) | 2018 (Actual) | | |
|--|----|-------------------------------------|----|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|--|
| TRANSFERS FOR OPERATING Provincial government unconditional transfers Local government transfers | \$ | 70,960 69,000 | \$ | 87,446 68,073 | \$ | 71,965 68,073 | |
| TRANSFERS FOR CAPITAL Provincial government conditional transfers | | 139,960 453,000 | | 155,519 531,596 | | 140,038 826,136 | |
| TOTAL GOVERNMENT TRANSFERS | | 592,960 | \$ | 687,115 | \$ | 966,174 | |

| | General ministration | Recreation Services | | Protective Services | | Transportation Services | | | | All Other | Total |
|---|---|--|----|--|----|--|----|---|----|--|---|
| REVENUE | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxation Sales and user charges Government transfers Rentals All other Investment income | \$ 653,919 4,567 700 4,945 4,044 10,399 | \$ 396,985 - 141,859 91,206 778 - | \$ | 38,737 - - - 3,487 - | \$ | 672,290 - - - 5,902 - | \$ | 1,062,492 - - 5,466 - | \$ | 153,235 4,945 12,960 - 300,960 79,060 | \$ 1,915,166 1,072,004 155,519 96,151 320,637 89,459 |
| | 678,574 | 630,828 | | 42,224 | | 678,192 | | 1,067,958 | | 551,160 | 3,648,936 |
| EXPENSES | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Salaries, wages and benefits Contracted and general services Utilities Materials, goods, and supplies Provision for allowances Repairs & maintenance Insurance Interest on long-term debt Transfers to local boards | \$ 477,335 143,649 24,907 24,235 - 1,578 6,870 - - - 678,574 | \$ 187,276 34,305 278,077 28,250 - 60,648 42,272 - - 630,828 | \$ | - 15,549 13,760 1,087 - 3,576 8,252 - - - 42,224 | \$ | 389,287 54,570 108,194 58,534 - 33,650 8,720 25,237 - 678,192 | \$ | - 669,299 42,107 16,999 139 4,321 5,439 26,416 - 764,720 | \$ | 77,573 61,299 - 52,620 130,492 - 900 - 26,568 349,452 | \$ 1,131,471 978,671 467,045 181,725 130,492 103,773 72,453 51,653 26,568 3,143,851 |
| NET REVENUE, BEFORE AMORTIZATION | - | - | | - | | - | | 303,238 | | 201,708 | 505,085 |
| Amortization | 24,844 | 92,800 | | 18,600 | | 424,728 | | 374,537 | | - | 935,509 |
| NET REVENUE (DEFICIT) | \$ (24,844) | \$ (92,800) | \$ | (18,600) | \$ | (424,728) | \$ | (71,299) | \$ | 201,708 | \$ (430,424) |

TOWN OF LAMONT Schedule of Segmented Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

(Schedule 4)

| | _ | | Recreation Services | | Protective Services | Transportation Services | | | | l All Other | | Total | |
|--|----|--|------------------------|---|------------------------|--|----|---|----|--|----|---|---|
| REVENUE | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxation Sales and user charges All other Government transfers Rentals Investment income | \$ | 579,813 4,415 1,028 3,445 6,115 9,972 | \$ | 427,112 - 1,548 136,593 99,818 - | \$ | 32,915 - 2,548 - - - | \$ | 673,107 - 3,995 - - - | \$ | - 1,053,178 7,893 - - - | \$ | 176,490 1,200 332,908 - - - 92,157 | \$ 1,889,437 1,058,793 349,920 140,038 105,933 102,129 |
| | | 604,788 | | 665,071 | | 35,463 | | 677,102 | | 1,061,071 | | 602,755 | 3,646,250 |
| EXPENSES | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Contracted and general services Salaries, wages and benefits Utilities Materials, goods, and supplies Repairs & maintenance Interest on long-term debt Insurance Transfers to local boards | \$ | 167,336 388,660 25,687 15,446 1,294 - 6,365 - | \$ | 33,818 194,958 270,854 44,065 79,546 - 41,830 - 665,071 | \$ | 11,282 - 14,488 741 257 - 8,695 - 35,463 | \$ | 34,380 389,322 103,514 46,017 68,898 26,343 8,628 | \$ | 775,253 - 44,290 46,610 6,168 28,691 5,547 - 906,559 | \$ | 65,667 65,917 - 71,072 - - 926 14,858 218,440 | \$ 1,087,736 1,038,857 458,833 223,951 156,163 55,034 71,991 14,858 |
| NET REVENUE, BEFORE AMORTIZATION | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 154,512 | | 384,315 | 538,827 |
| Amortization | | 24,844 | | 97,229 | | 18,600 | | 499,773 | | 313,272 | | | 953,718 |
| NET REVENUE (DEFICIT) | \$ | (24,844) | \$ | (97,229) | \$ | (18,600) | \$ | (499,773) | \$ | (158,760) | \$ | 384,315 | \$ (414,891) |

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Town of Lamont (the "Town") are the representations of management, prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the Town are as follows:

(a) Reporting Entity

The financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and cash flows of the reporting entity. The entity is comprised of all the organizations that are owned or controlled by the Town and are, therefore, accountable to Town Council for the administration of their financial affairs and resources.

The schedule of taxes levied also includes requisitions for education that are not part of the reporting entity.

The statements exclude trust assets that are administered for the benefit of external parties.

(b) Basis of Accounting

Revenues are accounted for in the period in which the transactions or events occurred that gave rise to the revenues.

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements as revenues in the period that the events giving rise to the transfer occurred, providing the transfers are authorized, the Town has met any eligibility criteria, and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be made.

Expenses are recognized in the period the goods and services are acquired and a liability is incurred or transfers are due.

(c) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the period. Where measurement uncertainty exists, the financial statements have been prepared within reasonable limits of materiality. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(d) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include items that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value, and have a maturity of one year or less at acquisition.

(e) Investments

Investments are recorded at amortized cost. Investment premiums and discounts are amortized on the net present value basis over the term of the respective investments. When there has been a loss in value that is other than a temporary decline, the respective investment is written down to recognize the loss.

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1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) Land held for resale

Land held for resale is recorded at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost includes costs for land acquisition and improvements required to prepare the land for servicing such as clearing, stripping and leveling charges. Related development costs incurred to provide infrastructure such as water and wastewater services, roads, sidewalks and street lighting are recorded as physical assets under the respective function.

(g) Tax Revenue

Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year they are levied..

Construction and borrowing costs associated with local improvement projects are recovered through annual special assessments during the period of the related borrowings. These levies are collectable from property owners for work performed by the municipality and are recognized as revenue in the year in which the local improvement project is completed.

(h) Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets is amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life as follows:

| Land improvements | 20 years |
|-------------------------|---------------|
| Buildings | 50 Years |
| Engineered structures: | |
| Water systems | 40 years |
| Wastewater systems | 40 years |
| Storm Sewer | 45 - 75 years |
| Roadways | 20 - 40 years |
| Machinery and equipment | 10 - 15 years |
| Vehicles | 10 - 20 years |

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at fair value at the date of receipt and also are recorded as revenue.

Works of art for display are not recorded as tangible capital assets but are disclosed.

(i) Contaminated Sites

Contaminated sites are defined as the result of contamination being introduced in air, soil, water or sediment of a chemical, organic, or radioactive material or live organism that exceeds an environmental standard. A liability for remediation on contaminated sites is recognized, net of any recoveries, when an environmental standard exists, contamination exceeds the environmental standard, the Town is directly responsible for or accepts responsibility for the liability, future economic benefits will be given up, and a reasonable estimate of the liability can be made.

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1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(j) Non-Financial Assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the normal course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenues over expenses, provides the consolidated Change in Net Financial Assets (Debt) for the year.

(k) Over-levy and Under-levy

Over-levies and under-levies arise from the difference between the actual property tax levy made to cover each requisition and the actual amount requisitioned.

If the actual levy exceeds the requisition, the over-levy is accrued as a liability and property tax revenue is reduced. Where the actual levy is less than the requisition amount, the underlevy is accrued as a receivable and as property tax revenue.

Requisition tax rates in the subsequent year are adjusted for any over-levies or under-levies of the prior year.

(I) Equity in Capital Assets

Equity in capital assets represents the town's net investment in its capital assets after deducting the portion financed by third parties through debenture, bond and mortgage debts, long term capital borrowings, capitalized leases and other capital liabilities which will be repaid by the municipality.

(m) New Accounting Standards not yet Adopted

Effective for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2021, PS 3280 Asset Retirement Obligations provides guidance on how to account for and report liabilities for retirement of tangible capital assets.

Effective for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2022, PS 3400 Revenue provides guidance on how to account for and report revenue, and specifically, it addresses revenue arising from exchange transactions and unilateral transactions.

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

| | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Guaranteed Investment Certificates Deposit accounts with financial institutions Other | \$ 4,255,875 699,934 6,081 | \$ 4,054,295 584,750 6,081 |
| | \$ 4,961,890 | \$ 4,645,126 |

The Guaranteed Investment Certificates bear interest at rates ranging from 2.15% - 2.36% maturing at dates ranging from February - December 2020.

Cash includes \$472,112 received when the Town called a letter of credit related to a development agreement plus accrued interest to date. The proceeds from this letter of credit are to be used to fund any future costs needed to complete the related development project.

| 3. | RECEIVABLES | | | | |
|----|---|----------|---|---|--|
| | | | | 2019 | 2018 |
| | Taxes and grants in place of taxes Utilities Trade and other Accrued interest Other governments | | | \$ 208,993 194,400 173,561 46,156 28,421 | \$ 228,011 189,565 205,219 51,410 303,906 |
| | | | | 651,531 | 978,111 |
| | Less: allowance for doubtful accounts | | | (131,130) | (638) |
| | | | | \$ 520,401 | \$ 977,473 |
| | | | | | |
| 4. | LONG-TERM DEBT | | | 2019 | 2018 |
| | Alberta Capital Finance Authority debenture semi-annual installments of \$48,959 include 3.295% maturing December 2028. | | | \$ 751,626 | \$ 822,299 |
| | Alberta Capital Finance Authority debenture semi-annual installments of \$23,956 include 5.066% maturing March 2034. | | | 487,904 | 510,247 |
| | | | | \$ 1,239,530 | \$ 1,332,546 |
| | Principal and interest payments are due as follo | ows: | | | |
| | | <u> </u> | <u>Principal</u> | <u>Interest</u> | <u>Total</u> |
| | 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 To maturity | \$ | 96,509 100,140 103,913 107,835 111,911 719,222 | \$ 48,593 44,962 41,189 37,267 33,191 124,760 | \$ 145,102 145,102 145,102 145,102 145,102 843,982 |
| | | \$ | 1,239,530 | \$ 329,962 | \$ 1,569,492 |

5. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

| | | | | | _ | 2019 Net Book Value | | 2018 Net Book Value |
|--|----|--|--|------------------|----|--|----|--|
| Engineered structures Water systems Wastewater systems Roadways | | | | | \$ | 4,797,027 4,351,663 4,121,115 | \$ | 4,983,191 4,418,744 3,761,897 |
| | | | | | | 13,269,805 | | 13,163,832 |
| Land Buildings Machinery and equipment Vehicles | | | | | | 1,181,000 2,811,410 963,969 183,910 | | 1,181,000 2,921,359 815,185 222,878 |
| | | | | | \$ | 18,410,094 | \$ | 18,304,254 |
| | В | Cost seginning of Year | Purchased Additions | Disposals | S | Write-downs | i | Cost End of Year |
| Engineered structures Roadways Water systems Wastewater systems | \$ | 14,047,070 7,993,798 6,620,909 | \$ 722,403 \$ - 101,204 | - - - | | \$ - - | \$ | 14,769,473 7,993,798 6,722,113 |
| Buildings Machinery and equipment Land Vehicles | | 28,661,777 5,501,563 1,263,144 1,181,000 551,117 | 823,607 - 217,742 - - | - - - - | | - - - - | | 29,485,384 5,501,563 1,480,886 1,181,000 551,117 |
| | \$ | 37,158,601 | \$ 1,041,349 \$ | - | | \$ - | \$ | 38,199,950 |
| | Ar | cumulated nortization eginning of Year | Current Amortization | Disposals | | Write-downs | | Accumulated Amortization End of Year |
| Engineered structures Roadways Water systems Wastewater systems | \$ | 10,285,173 3,010,607 2,202,165 | \$ 363,185 \$ 186,164 168,285 | - - - | | \$ - - - | \$ | 10,648,358 3,196,771 2,370,450 |
| | | 15,497,945 | 717,634 | - | | - | | 16,215,579 |
| Buildings Machinery and equipment Vehicles | | 2,580,204 447,959 328,239 | 109,949 68,958 38,968 | - - - | | - - - | | 2,690,153 516,917 367,207 |
| | \$ | 18,854,347 | \$ 935,509 \$ | - | | \$ - | \$ | 19,789,856 |

| ACCUMULATED SURPLUS | | | |
|--|-----------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | _ | 2019 | 2018 |
| Unrestricted Surplus Restricted surplus | \$ | 2,162,743 | \$ 1,835,820 |
| Reserves (Note 7) | | 2,634,087 | 3,058,010 |
| Equity in tangible capital assets (Schedule 1) | _ | 17,170,564 | 16,971,708 |
| | <u>\$</u> | 21,967,394 | \$ 21,865,538 |
| RESERVES | | | |
| | | 2019 | 2018 |
| Operating | | | |
| Subdivision | \$ | 1,411,130 | \$ 1,627,311 |
| Administration General administration | | 486,127 384,129 | 486,127 384,129 |
| Sanitary sewer | | 77,500 | 77,500 |
| Public works | | 62,073 | 62,073 |
| Recreation | | 52,500 | 52,500 |
| Arena | | 34,358 | 242,100 |
| Parks | | 17,615 | 17,615 |
| Storm sewer | | 15,000 | 15,000 |
| Water | | 14,000 | 14,000 |
| Hall | | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| Curling rink | | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| Fire | | 7,986 | 7,986 |
| Capital | | | |
| Water | _ | 51,669 | 51,669 |
| | \$ | 2,634,087 | \$ 3,058,010 |

8. DEBT LIMITS

Section 276(2) of the *Municipal Government Act* requires that debt and debt limits as defined by Alberta Regulation 255/00 for the Town of Lamont be disclosed as follows:

| | 2019 | | | 2018 |
|--|-----------|--------------------------|----|--------------------------|
| Total debt limit Total debt | \$ | 5,473,404 (1,239,530) | \$ | 5,469,375 (1,332,546) |
| Total debt limit remaining | <u>\$</u> | 4,233,874 | \$ | 4,136,829 |
| Service on debt limit Service on debt | \$ | 912,234 (145,102) | \$ | 911,563 (248,635) |
| Total service on debt limit remaining | \$ | 767,132 | \$ | 662,928 |

The debt limit is calculated at 1.5 times revenue of the Town (as defined in Alberta Regulation 255/00) and the debt service limit is calculated at 0.25 times such revenue. Incurring debt beyond these limits requires approval by the Minister of Municipal Affairs. These thresholds are guidelines used by Alberta Municipal Affairs to identify municipalities which could be a financial risk if further debt is acquired. The calculation taken alone does not represent the stability of the Town. Rather, the financial statements must be interpreted as a whole.

9. CREDIT FACILITY

The Town has a demand credit facility with its financial institution for a maximum amount of \$800,000 bearing interest at 1.45%. No amounts were drawn as at December 31, 2019 or 2018.

10. CONTINGENCY

The Town is a member of the Alberta Municipal Insurance Exchange (MUNIX). Under the terms of membership, the Town could become liable for its proportionate shares of any claim losses in excess of the funds held by the exchange. Any liability incurred would be accounted for as a current transaction in the year the losses are determined.

11. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Town provides a range of services to its citizens. For each reported segment, revenues and expenses represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the financial statements as disclosed in Note 1. For additional information see the Schedule of Segmented Disclosure (Schedule 4).

12. UTILITY FRANCHISE AGREEMENTS

Disclosure of utility franchise agreement annual revenues as required by Alberta Regulation 313/2000 is as follows:

| | 2019 | | 2018 | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|----|-------------------|--|--|
| Atco Gas Fortis Alberta Inc. | \$ 174,044 54,484 | \$ | 187,972 61,201 | | |
| | \$ 228,528 | \$ | 249,173 | | |

13. SALARIES AND BENEFITS DISCLOSURE

Disclosure of salaries and benefits for Town officials, the Town Chief Administrator Officer and designated officers are required by Alberta Regulation 313/2000 is as follows:

| | Salary (1) | | Ве | Benefits (2) | | 2019 | 2018 | |
|-------------------------------------|------------|---------|----|--------------|----|---------|------|---------|
| Mayor Skinner Councillors | \$ | 17,400 | \$ | - | \$ | 17,400 | \$ | 15,600 |
| Pewarchuck | | 9,600 | | - | | 9,600 | | 8,400 |
| Taylor | | 9,600 | | - | | 9,600 | | 8,400 |
| Harvey | | 9,600 | | - | | 9,600 | | 8,400 |
| Koroluk | | 9,600 | | - | | 9,600 | | 8,400 |
| Foulds | | 9,600 | | - | | 9,600 | | 8,400 |
| Perrin | | 9,600 | | - | | 9,600 | | 8,400 |
| | \$ | 75,000 | \$ | - | \$ | 75,000 | \$ | 66,000 |
| Chief Administrative Officer | \$ | 131,986 | \$ | 26,406 | \$ | 158,392 | \$ | 129,047 |
| Deputy Chief Administrative Officer | \$ | 60,232 | \$ | 8,107 | \$ | 68,339 | \$ | 56,636 |

- (1) Salary includes regular base pay, bonuses, overtime lump sum payments, gross honoraria and any other direct cash remuneration.
- (2) Employer's share of all employee benefits and contributions or payments made on behalf of employees including pension, health care, dental coverage, vision coverage, group life insurance, accidental disability and dismemberment insurance, long and short term disability plans, professional memberships and tuition.
- (3) Benefits and allowances figures also include the employer's share of the costs of additional taxable benefits including special leave with pay, financial planning services, retirement planning services, concessionary loans, travel allowances, car allowances and club memberships.

14. LOCAL AUTHORITIES PENSION PLAN

Employees of the Town participate in the Local Authorities Pension Plan (LAPP), which is one of the plan covered by the *Public Sector Pension Plans Act*. The LAPP is financed by employer and employee contributions and by investment earnings of the LAPP Fund.

Contributions for current service are recorded as expenses in the year in which they become due.

The Town is required to make current service contributions to the LAPP of 9.39% of pensionable earnings up to the year's maximum pensionable earnings under the Canada Pension Plan and 13.84% on pensionable earnings above this amount. Employees of the Town are required to make current service contributions of 8.39% of pensionable earnings up to the year's maximum pensionable earnings and 12.84% on pensionable earnings above this amount.

Total current service contributions by the Town to the LAPP in 2019 were \$74,065 (2018 - \$73,721). Total current service contributions by the employees of the Town to the LAPP in 2019 were \$66,876 (2018 - \$67,130).

At December 31, 2018, the Plan disclosed an actuarial surplus of \$3.469 billion (2017 - \$4.835 billion surplus).

15. BUDGET FIGURES

The 2019 budget data presented in these financial statements is based on the operating and capital budgets approved by Council on November 27, 2018. The chart below reconciles the approved financial plan to the figures reported in these financial statements.

0040 D...l....

0040 A -4---

| | _2 | 019 Budget | 019 Actual |
|--|----|-------------|----------------|
| Annual surplus | \$ | 20,614 | \$ 101,856 |
| Amortization expense | | 950,364 | 935,509 |
| Loss (gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets | | - | (684) |
| Repayment of long-term debt | | (91,000) | (93,016) |
| Purchase of tangible capital assets | | (1,082,080) | (1,041,349) |
| Net transfers (to) from reserves | | 202,102 | 423,923 |
| | \$ | - | \$ 326,239 |

16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Town's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, receivables, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and long-term debt. It is management's opinion that the Town is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risk arising from these financial instruments. Unless otherwise noted, the fair values of these financial instruments approximate their carrying values.

The Town is exposed to credit risk with respect to receivables. Credit risk arises from the possibility that customers may experience financial difficulty and be unable to fulfill their obligations. The large number and diversity of customers minimizes the Town's credit risk.

17. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements were approved by Council and management.

18. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On March 11, 2020, the COVID-19 outbreak was declared a global pandemic by the World Health Organization and on March 17, 2020 the Province of Alberta declared a public health emergency. Many businesses and individuals in a vast array of sectors may experience an economic loss due to COVID-19 which may have a financial effect on the Town. An estimate of the potential financial impact cannot be made at this time.

19. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.